# SNAEFELL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

December 31, 2009

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### SNAEFELL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED DIRECTORY

Registered Office: Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited, Rosebank Centre, 11 Bermudiana Road, Pembroke HM 08, Bermuda

Directors

David Hunter

Brian Sheppard (resigned on September 30, 2010)

Richard Jarvis 16/17 Mount Havelock

**Investment Manager** 

Douglas Isle of Man

Administrator

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited

Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM 08

Bermuda

Legal Counsel

Bermuda counsel:

Wakefield Ouin

Victoria Place

31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10

Bermuda

Custodian

Butterfield Trust (Bermuda) Limited

65 Front Street Hamilton HM 12

Bermuda

IM1 2QG

**Auditors** 

Deloitte & Touche

Corner House

Church & Parliament Streets

Hamilton HM 11

Bermuda

**Company Secretary** 

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited

Thomas Miller Investment (Isle of Man) Limited

Rosebank Centre 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM 08

Bermuda

Listing Sponsor

Butterfield Securities (Bermuda) Limited

65 Front Street Hamilton HM 12

Bermuda

# SNAEFELL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT (UNAUDITED)

The Directors present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2009.

### Activities, Business Review and Future Prospects

The Company is an exempted company incorporated on July 8, 2002, with limited liability in Bermuda as a mutual fund company. A detailed review of the activities of the Company is set out on page 5 of this report.

#### Results and Dividends

The results for the year are shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 11. The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

#### Directors

The Directors of the Company are set out on page 3. All of the Directors were appointed on July 26, 2002.

#### Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. In preparing those financial statements, the Directors:

- Ensure that the financial statements comply with the Memorandum and Articles of Association and International Financial Reporting Standards, as published by the International Accounting Standards Board, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial statements;
- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records and for managing the Company in accordance with the Prospectus and the Memorandum and Articles of Association. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and non-compliance with law and regulations.

On behalf of the Directors
Director Jan Walter

Director

February 11, 2011

# SNAEFELL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED INVESTMENT MANAGER'S REPORT (UNAUDITED)

2009 was a welcome relief for the US stock markets and investors. Coming out of the abyss of 2008, equities produced steep declines in the first quarter of the year before staging a strong recovery over the final nine months. In fact, the last three quarters of 2009 produced gains which were surpassed only four other times in market history. To sum it all up, the Russell 2000 for 2009 was up +27.17%, S&P500 +26.46% and the DJIA +18.82%. While the market is up over 50 to 60% from its lows reached in March, it still needs additional gains just to recoup its losses from 2008. Fixed income markets were equally as positive as uncertain economic growth expectations and government intervention were the key drivers throughout the year. Low interest rates and a large injection of liquidity by central banks into the financial markets provided investors with the confidence to move into riskier asset classes as the year progressed. This was clearly evident in the credit markets as spreads (over government bonds) reduced from over 1000 basis points to under 400 by year end.

Hedge managers performed very well throughout the year with the CSFB Tremont index returning an estimated 18.3% for 2009. The most profitable strategies were Convertible Arbitrage and Emerging Markets hedge funds which returned 47.1% and 30.3% respectively. These strategies benefited hugely from positive liquidity conditions as markets rebounded significantly after reaching lows in the first quarter.

All our invested strategies gave a positive attribution to performance with the best performing strategies being Equity Long/Short and Event Driven – Multi-Strategy. Our Equity Long/Short managers benefitted initially from low net exposures and the dispersion in stock returns during the first quarter of the year then as confidence returned during the remaining 9 months they returned solid returns as the market rally persisted throughout the remainder of the year.

Event Driven – Multi-Strategy performance was partly due to one manager which returned over 100% in 2009. This manager benefitted from the huge rebound in prices which declined as a result of the large scale deleveraging that took place in late 2008 and early 2009. Continued increase in confidence in risky assets also provided the manager with good performance throughout the year.

The other large attributor to performance was our Distressed Securities managers who performed very well largely due to credit spreads narrowing significantly during the year. This strategy was particularly badly affected in 2008 as, given the illiquid nature of their investments, many managers were forced to mark down their investments significantly as investors were forced to sell assets in the effort to try to meet client redemption requests. The rebound in market prices during 2009 of these assets and the increase in companies filing for bankruptcy benefited these managers greatly.

Thomas Miller Investment (Isle of Man) Limited Investment Manager February 11, 2011

# **Deloitte**

Deloitte & Touche Chartered Accountants Corner House Church and Parliament Streets P.O. Box HM 1556 Hamilton HM FX

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Snaefell Alternative Investment Fund Limited

### Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Snaefell Alternative Investment Fund Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position, including the schedule of investments, as at December 31, 2009, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

### Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Snaefell Alternative Investment Fund Limited as at December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations, changes in its net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Delo: He + Tache

February 11, 2011

# SNAEFELL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

		2009		2008
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,608,805	\$	6,812,869
Receivable for investments sold		311,273		3,997,884
Investment subscriptions made in advance		2,100,000		-
Investments at fair value through profit or loss		41,228,560		35,216,665
Sundry receivables and prepayments		<u>-</u>	_	1,875
Total Assets	\$	54,248,638	\$	46,029,293
LIABILITIES				
Sundry payables and accrued expenses	\$	81,822	\$	52,477
Liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares)		81,822		52,477
EQUITY				
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares	_	54,166,816		45,976,816
Total liabilities and equity	\$	54,248,638	\$	46,029,293
	=		=	

APPROVED BY THE BOARD:

Director

Director

# SNAEFELL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

Shares	Investment		Fair Value	% of Net Assets
	Africa Alpha Fund II Limited Partnership	\$	464,377	0.86%
344	Bay Harbour Partners Ltd Class IV 03 08 SPV		241,778	0.45
1,310	Bay Harbour Partners Ltd. – Class IV 03 08 ND		1,297,569	2.40
337	Bay Harbour Partners Ltd Class IV 03 08 Side Pocket		82,730	0.15
14,953	Castlerigg International Limited – Class F Series 1		1,557,017	2.99
2,757	Castlerigg International Limited – Class SC-1 Series 1		308,741	0.45
132	The Drake Global Opportunities Fund, Ltd. – Class C Series 1		97,540	0.18
834	ECF Value Fund International Ltd Class A Series 1		2,819,411	5.21
1,587	Force Capital Ltd. – Series 90/2/20		2,182,752	4.03
1,000	Frontpoint Offshore Multi-Strategy Fund Ltd. – Class A Series			
	03/2007 USD		1 <b>,178,98</b> 7	2.18
3,750	Frontpoint Offshore Multi-Strategy Fund Ltd. – Class A Series			
	08/2009 USD		3,882,077	7.17
126	Galleon Offshore, SPC Ltd. – Class A Series 1		226,763	0.42
14	Jana Offshore Partners, Ltd. – Class B Series 01 02		8,675	0.02
•	Laurus Offshore Fund, Ltd. – Class A		1,452,362	2.68
1,960	Linden International Ltd. – Class A Series 1		3,680,404	6.79
2,000	Longacre International Ltd. – Class A Series 03 08		1,711,322	3.16
27,814	M Kingdon Offshore Ltd. – Class A Series 1		3,444,598	6.36
25,044	Selectinvest ARV II Ltd. – Series C 04 09		2,728,557	5.04
2,038	Seneca Capital International SLV Ltd. – Class 1A		186,041	0.34
1,445	Seneca Capital International Ltd. – Class 3B		26,294	0.05
247	Sivik Global Healthcare Offshore Class A Sub Class 1 Series 01-01		388,978	0.72
1,576	SuttonBrook Offshore Partners Ltd – Class C Series 1		2,111,133	3.90
37,867	Titan Masters International Fund Ltd		5,173,553	9.55
46,378	York Credit Opportunities Unit Trust – Class B Series 1		2,209,194	4.08
579	York Investments Limited – Class D Series 1		3,767,707	6.96
	Total Investments at fair value	(	\$ 41,228,560	76.11%

# SNAEFELL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

December 31, 2008 (expressed in United States dollars)

Shares	Investment	Fair Value	% of Net Assets
	Africa Alpha Fund II Limited Partnership	\$ 561,438	1.22%
29	AQR ARF Global Total Return Offshore Fund Ltd Class A 03 07	1,604,726	3.49
1,663	Bay Harbour Partners, Ltd Class IV 03 08	1,031,321	2.24
337	Bay Harbour Partners, Ltd Class IV 03 08 Side Pocket	36,630	0.08
7,825	Castlerigg International Limted – Class A Series 1	2,003,957	4.36
799	The Drake Global Opportunities Fund, Ltd. – Class C Series 1	573,734	1.25
834	ECF Value Fund International Ltd Class A Series 1	1,237,027	2.69
1,587	Force Capital Ltd Series 90/2/25	1,907,788	4.15
1,000	Frontpoint Offshore Multi-Strategy Fund Ltd. – Class A		
	Series 03/2007 USD	1,031,107	2.24
1,256	Galleon Diversified Fund, Ltd. – Class A Series 1	1,952,093	4.25
14	Jana Offshore Partners, LtdClass B Series 01 02	21,061	0.05
11,973	Laurus Offshore Fund, Ltd. – Class A	1,816,709	3.95
2,240	Linden International Ltd. – Class A Series 1	2,431,393	5.29
2,000	Longacre International Ltd. – Class A Series 03 08	1,526,472	3.32
27,814	M Kingdon Offshore Ltd. – Class A Series 1	2,634,495	5.73
61,196	Selectinvest ARV II Ltd Series M	6,897,289	15.00
3,578	Seneca Capital International, Ltd. – Class 2E	1,330,788	2.89
1,445	Seneca Capital International, Ltd. – Class 3B	38,314	0.08
247	Sivik Global Healthcare Offshore - Class A Sub Class 1 Series 01-01	293,606	0.64
1,576	Suttonbrook Offshore Partners Ltd. – Class C Series 1	2,094,423	4.56
46,378	York Credit Opportunities Unit Trust – Class B Series 1	1,596,810	3.47
579	York Investment Limited – Class D Series 1	2,595,484	5.65
	Total Investments at fair value	\$ 35,216,665	76.60%

# SNAEFELL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

		2009	2008
INCOME			
Interest income	\$	145,069	\$ 79,057
Net realized loss on investments		(1,092,644)	(1,953,449)
Net realized loss on foreign exchange		-	(4,925)
Net change in unrealized gain (loss) on investments		9,272,580	(10,867,409)
Total income (loss)	_	8,325,005	(12,746,726)
EXPENSES			<del></del>
Investment management fees (recovery)		-	(49,049)
Custody and administration fees		88,422	99,114
Audit fees		30,000	30,025
Other expenses		16,583	6,208
Total expenses	_	135,005	86,298
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
redeemable participating shares	\$	8,190,000	\$ (12,833,024)
	=		<del></del>

The Company had no other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.

# SNAEFELL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE PARTICIPATING SHARES

for the year ended December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

	2009		2008
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares at beginning of year	\$ 45,976,816	\$	58,809,840
Redeemable participating shares issued	_		<u>-</u>
Redeemable participating shares redeemed	-		-
Net increase from share transactions		-	_
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares from operations	8,190,000	_	(12,833,024)
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares at end of year	\$ 54,166,816	\$	45,976,816

# SNAEFELL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENT FUND LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

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CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares from operations  Adjustments to reconcile net increase (decrease) in assets attributable to holders of redeemable participating shares from operations to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 8,190,000	\$ (12,833,024)
Net realized loss on investments	1,092,644	1,953,449
Net change in unrealized (gain) loss on investments	(9,272,580)	
Cost of investments purchased	(18,959,726)	
Proceeds from investments sold	21,127,767	
Change in receivable for investments sold	3,686,611	6,007,040
Change in investment subscriptions made in advance	(2,100,000)	-
Change in sundry receivables and prepayments	1,875	(629)
Change in sundry payables and accrued expenses	29,345	(95,600)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,795,936	6,501,756
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds on the issue of redeemable participating shares	_	_
Paid on redemption of redeemable participating shares	-	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	-	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	3,795,936	6,501,756
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,812,869	311,113
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 10,608,805	\$ 6,812,869

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

#### 1. GENERAL

Snaefell Alternative Investment Fund Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda on July 8, 2002, with limited liability and unlimited duration under the provisions of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda. The investment objective of the Company is to achieve annual returns of between 10% - 12% with low volatility. The Company will invest in a limited number of fund of funds and hedge funds (the "Underlying Funds").

The Company is managed by Thomas Miller Investment (Isle of Man) Limited (the "Investment Manager"), a Bermuda exempted company, as appointed by the Directors. The Investment Manager is responsible, subject to the policies and controls of the Board of Directors, for the investment of the Company's assets.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

### Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee of the IASB.

The financial statements are expressed in United States dollars, which reflects the Company's primary activity of investing in Underlying Funds denominated in United States dollars and is the Company's functional and presentation currency. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical-cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Effective January 1, 2009, the Company adopted amendments to International Accounting Standard 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements (2007)" ("IAS 1"), which introduces non-mandatory terminology changes (including revised titles for the financial statements) and changes in the format and content of the financial statements.

IAS 1 requires that all items of income and expense be presented either: single statement (a 'statement of comprehensive income'). The Company does not have separate components of other comprehensive income; therefore, comprehensive income is equal to the profit/(loss) reported for all periods presented.

The IASB issued amendments to IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation" and IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements - Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising in Liquidations" in February 2008. The changes became effective on January 1, 2009.

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### Basis of preparation (cont'd)

The amendments to IAS 32 require entities that have issued financial instruments that entitle the holder to a pro-rata share of the net assets of the entity (and that satisfy certain other conditions), to classify such financial instruments as equity. Redeemable participating shares fall under the scope of these amendments and on this basis redeemable participating shares have been classified as equity in these financial statements.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses in the financial statements and accompanying notes during the period. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on market conditions and information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

#### Valuation of investments

Investments in Underlying Funds are valued at fair value as determined by the Investment Manager, with the change in this value included in net unrealized gain or loss on investments in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. In determining fair value, the Investment Manager utilizes the net asset valuations of the Underlying Funds which are drawn from their most recent net asset value provided by the relevant fund administrator which value securities and other financial instruments at fair value.

However, some Underlying Funds may invest in non-marketable securities, such as non publicly traded securities, or investments in limited partnerships whose value is determined in good faith by the investment advisor of those funds. Appreciation or depreciation of investments in Underlying Funds is net of all fees paid to their investment managers.

#### Participating shares

Redeemable participating shares are redeemable at the shareholder's option and are classified as equity as per IAS 32. The redeemable participating shares can be put back to the Company under redemption terms set out in the Company's Prospectus and are subordinate to all other classes of instruments. The redeemable participating shares are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the statement of financial position date if the shareholder exercised its right to put the shares back to the Company. Subscriptions received in advance represent monies received by the Company before the Company's dealing date for redeemable participating shares issued.

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts held at bank and money market funds with daily liquidity.

#### Gains and losses

Investment transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Realized gains or losses on investments are calculated on an average cost basis.

#### Income

Income earned is accounted for on an accruals basis and is shown gross of irrecoverable withholding taxes where applicable.

# Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into United States dollars, the reporting currency, at year end exchange rates. Foreign currency gains and losses are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Transactions in foreign currencies which occurred during the year are translated into United States dollars at the rates prevailing on the transaction date.

#### **Taxation**

At the present time, no income, profit or capital gains taxes are levied in Bermuda and, accordingly, no provision for such taxes has been recorded by the Company.

The Company has received from the Minister of Finance of Bermuda under the Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act 1966 an assurance that, in the event of there being enacted in Bermuda any legislation imposing tax computed on profits or income, or computed on any capital assets, gain or appreciation or any tax in the nature of estate duty or inheritance tax, such tax shall not until March 28, 2016 be applicable to the Company or to any of its operations.

#### New and revised accounting pronouncements

The Company has applied *Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments (Amendments to IFRS 7)*, issued in March 2009, that require enhanced disclosures about fair value measurements and liquidity risk in respect of financial instruments.

The amendments require that fair value measurement disclosures use a three-level fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in measuring fair values of financial instruments. Specific disclosures are required when fair value measurements are categorized as Level 3 (significant unobservable inputs) in the fair value hierarchy. The amendments require that any significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy be disclosed separately, distinguishing between transfers into and out of each level. Furthermore, changes in valuation techniques from one period to another, including the reasons therefore, are required to be disclosed for each class of financial instruments.

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

### New and revised accounting pronouncements (cont'd)

Further, the definition of liquidity risk has been amended and it is now defined as the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

#### 3. FEES AND EXPENSES

### **Investment Management fees**

On April 4, 2008, the Investment Management Fee structure was amended to have the management fee charged by the Investment Manager directly to the shareholders. This change has resulted in a recovery of Investment Management Fee in the current year of \$\text{Nil}\$ (2008: \$49,049). The recovery is related to fees initially accrued by the Company which were not finally charged by the Investment Manager. The Investment Manager has decided not to charge any incentive fee during the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008.

#### Custodian and Administrator fees

The Company's administrator is Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Ltd. (the "Administrator"). Butterfield Trust (Bermuda) Limited (the "Custodian") is responsible for the custody of the Company's investments. The Custodian and Administrator are entitled to receive fees from the Company in accordance with specific agreements. The fees, which are accrued and are payable monthly in arrears, are based on the net asset value of the Company. In addition, the Custodian and Administrator are entitled to receive reasonable out of pocket expenses and the Custodian charges a custody transaction fee. Custodian and administration fees for the year ended December 31, 2009 was \$88,422 (2008: \$99,114).

#### Directors' fees

Directors are entitled to remuneration for their services. The Directors may also be reimbursed, inter alia, for traveling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending meetings of the Directors or in connection with the business of the Company. Any director who devotes special attention to the business of the Company may be paid such extra remuneration as the Directors may determine. The fees for the year ended December 31, 2009 were \$Nil (2008: \$Nil).

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

#### 4. SHARE CAPITAL

A new series of shares may be issued on each dealing day other than a dealing day which occurs on the first business day of a calendar year. Shares are issued in a series to ensure the equitable apportionment of incentive fees payable to the Investment Manager. The minimum initial subscription for shares by an investor is \$100,000. Generally, shares may be redeemed on each first business day of each month with 30 calendar day's prior written notice.

At each financial year end of the Company, each series of shares other than the initial series will be consolidated into the initial series unless, if at the financial year end either the Net Asset Value of such series is below its prior high Net Asset Value or the Net Asset value of the initial series is below its prior high Net Asset Value.

	2009 Number of shares	2008 Number of shares
The Company has the following authorized share capital:	400	4.0.0
100 Manager shares at US\$1.00 par value	100	100
990,000 non-voting participating shares at US\$0.01 par value	9,900	9,900
	10,000	10,000
Movement in share capital during the year was as follows:		
	2009 Number of Shares	2008 Number of shares
Balance at January 1	42,684	46,664
Share conversion	_	(3,980)
Issue and redemption of shares	-	-
Balance at December 31	42,684	42,684

### 5. COMPARATIVE NET ASSET VALUE TABLE

As at December 31, 2009	Net A	Asset Value Total	Shares in Issue	 set Value r share
Initial Series	\$	54,166,816	42,684	\$ 1,269.01
As at December 31, 2008	Net A	Asset Value Total	Shares in Issue	 set Value · share
Initial Series	\$	45,976,816	42,684	\$ 1,077.14

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT AND ASSOCIATED RISKS

The Company maintains positions in a variety of *non-derivative* financial instruments as dictated by its Investment Management strategy. The nature and extent of the financial instruments outstanding at the Statement of Position date and the risk management policies employed by the Company are discussed below.

#### Market risk

The Company's portfolio is subject to normal market fluctuations and the risk inherent in all investments and there can be no assurance that appreciation will occur. The Company invests in other Underlying Funds and as such is also indirectly exposed to any risks inherent in those Underlying Funds.

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by a change in the market value of a financial instrument. The Company's exposure to market risk is determined by a number of factors which may be affected by the investment strategies employed by the Underlying Funds. Market risk includes currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

Changes in currency exchange rates relative to the United States dollar will affect the United States dollar value of the Company's assets denominated in that currency and thereby impact upon the Company's total return on such assets and investments.

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer or factors affecting similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company is exposed to price risk arising from its investments in Underlying Funds. However, the trading strategy of the Company means that there is no direct relationship between any established market indices, interest rates or foreign exchange rates and the expected performance of the Company.

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of financial instruments. The Company may be exposed to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk as a result of mismatches or gaps in the amounts of assets and liabilities that mature or re-price in a given period. The Company is only exposed to interest rate risk through its cash and cash equivalents.

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

# 6. RISK MANAGEMENT AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (cont'd)

Market risk (cont'd)

As the majority of the financial instruments are carried at fair value with fair value changes recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, all changes in market conditions will directly affect the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

At December 31, 2009, if market prices of the Underlying Funds had been 5% higher with all other variables held constant, the increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares for the year would have been \$2,061,428 (2008: \$1,760,833) higher.

If market prices of the Underlying Funds had been 5% lower with all other variables held constant, the decrease in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares for the year would have been \$2,061,428 (2008: \$1,760,833) lower.

### Liquidity risk

An investment in shares of Underlying Funds provides limited liquidity since shares are only freely transferable between Qualified Investors and generally share redemption is limited. Additionally, these investments in other Underlying Funds may not be readily realizable due to lock-up periods; portions of assets being held in sidepockets; extended withdrawal, notice or settlement periods; or in extraordinary cases periods in which redemptions are suspended due to adverse market conditions. There can be no assurance that the Company will have sufficient cash to satisfy redemption requests, or that it will be able to liquidate investments at the time of such redemption requests at favourable prices.

The Company offering memorandum provides for the monthly creation and cancellation of shares and it is therefore exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting shareholder redemptions at any time.

Shares of the Company are only redeemable on the terms and procedures set out in Note 4.

The Company's liabilities have maturities of less than 1 month.

The Company has committed to contribute capital of \$1,250,000 to Africa Alpha Fund II Ltd Partnership, an Underlying Fund. At December 31, 2009, the Company had a remaining capital commitment of \$625,000 (2008: \$625,000).

At December 31, 2009, the Company has an investment in Laurus Offshore Fund, Ltd. ("Laurus"). Laurus was put into liquidation on December 3, 2008 and all redemption requests were suspended. The latest information received from Laurus regarding the value of the Company's investment is as of June, 2009. The Company's management will continue to monitor the redemption process of the investment.

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (cont'd)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Company.

Credit/counterparty risk of any entity doing business with the Company is systematically analyzed. Aspects of a qualitative nature, such as strategic orientation, management quality, business sector, areas of specialisation, efficiency, and market share are added to a comprehensive financial analysis, focusing on cash flow, asset quality, indebtedness, interest coverage and working capital. The measurement and assessment of the Company's total exposure to credit risk covers all financial instruments involving any counterparty risk, considering the total amount of guarantees given and derivative operations.

The Company is exposed to credit risk related to transactions awaiting settlement. Risk relating to unsettled transactions is considered small due to the short settlement period involved and the high credit quality of the counterparties. The Company monitors the credit rating and financial positions of the counterparties to further mitigate this risk. At December 31, 2009, all the Company's assets were exposed to credit risk.

The carrying amounts of financial assets best represent the maximum credit risk exposure at the Statement of Financial Position date.

Substantially all of the cash held by the Company is held by The Bank of N.T Butterfield & Son Limited (the "Bank"). Bankruptcy or insolvency of the Bank may cause the Company's rights with respect to the cash held by the Bank to be delayed or limited. The Company monitors its risk by monitoring the credit quality and financial position of the Bank.

The Underlying Funds' managers analyse credit concentration based on the counterparty, industry and geographical location of the financial assets that they hold.

Off-balance sheet risk

Off-balance sheet risk refers to situations where the maximum potential loss on a particular investment is greater than the value of the asset or liability reflected in the statements of assets and liabilities. The risk to the Company for its investments in Underlying Funds is limited to the amount of the Company's related investment in the Underlying Fund.

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (cont'd)

Categorization of financial instruments

The Company has categorized its investments into three levels based upon the hierarchy defined in IFRS 7. Financial instruments are categorized by their inputs used to derive the fair value. Level 1 investments use inputs from unadjusted quoted prices from active markets. Level 2 investments reflect inputs other than quoted prices, but use observable market data, including the published prices of managed investment funds where those funds may be redeemed at that price. Level 3 investments are valued using unobservable inputs.

The Company invests in managed investment funds which are not quoted in active markets and may be subject to restrictions on redemptions such as lock-up periods, redemption gates and side pockets. Investments in these managed investment funds are valued based on the Net Asset Value per share as determined by the underlying fund administrators.

The investments that the Company is able to redeem at Net Asset Value as at the measurement date have been classified as Level 2 investments. Investments classified within Level 3 include funds with net asset values which may not be readily realizable in the near term due to lock-up periods, extended withdrawal, (not in the normal course of business of the underlying managed investment fund), or periods in which redemptions and/or net asset values of the underlying managed investment fund are suspended due to adverse market conditions.

Investments may be split between Level 2 and Level 3 if different share classes have different redemption terms.

The following table analyzes within the fair value hierarchy the Company's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value at 31 December 2009:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Investments in underlying funds	-	38,721,471	2,507,089	41,228,560
Total investment at fair value through profit or loss	-	38,721,471	2,507,089	41,228,560

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT AND ASSOCIATED RISKS (cont'd)

Fair value information (cont'd)

The changes in financial assets measured at fair value for which the Company has used Level 3 inputs to determine fair value are as follows:

	\$
Opening balance	3,826,493
Transfers in	-
Transfers out	-
Purchases	1,073,237
Sales	(2,377,599)
Net realized and unrealized gain	(15,042)
Total investment at fair value through profit or loss	2,507,089
Changes in unrealized gain included in earnings related	
to investments still held at reporting date	(863,517)

### 7. SUNDRY PAYABLES AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

	2009	2008
Audit fees Administration fees Other expenses	\$ 59,300 22,522	\$ 39,800 11,877 800
	\$ 81,822	\$ 52,477

### 8. DISTRIBUTIONS

It is the intention of the Board not to make distributions of net income by way of dividends.

# 9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

All cash balances are held with The Bank of N.T. Butterfield & Son Ltd. Cash and cash equivalents also includes investments in Butterfield Money Market Fund Ltd and TMI Liquidity Fund PLC.

The Company and TMI Liquidity Fund PLC are related through common Investment Manager and one director. The Company has \$7,609,498 invested in TMI Liquidity Fund PLC as of December 31, 2009 (2008: \$6,750,690).

December 31, 2009 (expressed in United States dollars)

# 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

No Director has any interest in the shares of the Company. Brian Sheppard is Director of both the Company and the Investment Manager. David Hunter is a Director of Thomas Miller (Bermuda) Limited and Richard Jarvis is a Director of Thomas Miller Investment Limited, both companies being in the same group of companies as the Investment Manager.

# 11. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Directors on February 11, 2011.